



Requirements and existing GMF solutions

MAGIC WP3, Vienna

Gustavo García | RedCLARA | 1-3-2016 | MAGIC project

MAGIC WP3 Meeting

Groups in Federations Discussion

D3.3 Planning and design requirements



- Base on standards protocols (VOOT, SCIM, etc..)
- Unique global group identifiers
- Be able to GET:
 - “What groups user A belongs to”
 - “User A is admin of that group?”
 - “List of members of group A”
- User/domain management interface
 - Import users from legacy systems through standard protocols (SQL, LDAP, ..)
- Self-service group management interface
 - For end-users update, revoke membership and permissions.
- Activities and statistics tracking
- Must allow to obtain user-consent to share group data

Use cases for the pilot



- ***Authorization***: The service provider provides access to an access controlled resource based on the group information.
- ***Group members action***: The service provider will obtain group members list from the federation, and execute an action (invite, share, etc) for each of its members. A clean example of this is the invitation for a conference to the members of a specific group.
- ***Group mailing list***: The service provider will execute a notification action based on the mailing list address related to the group, and obtained through the standard group management protocol request.

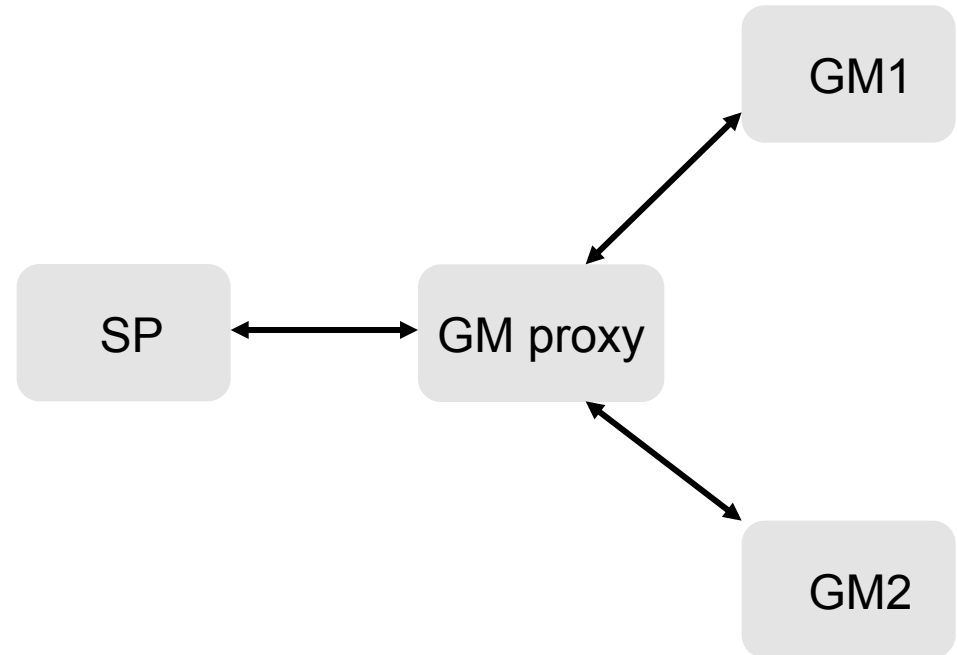
Three (3) suggestions



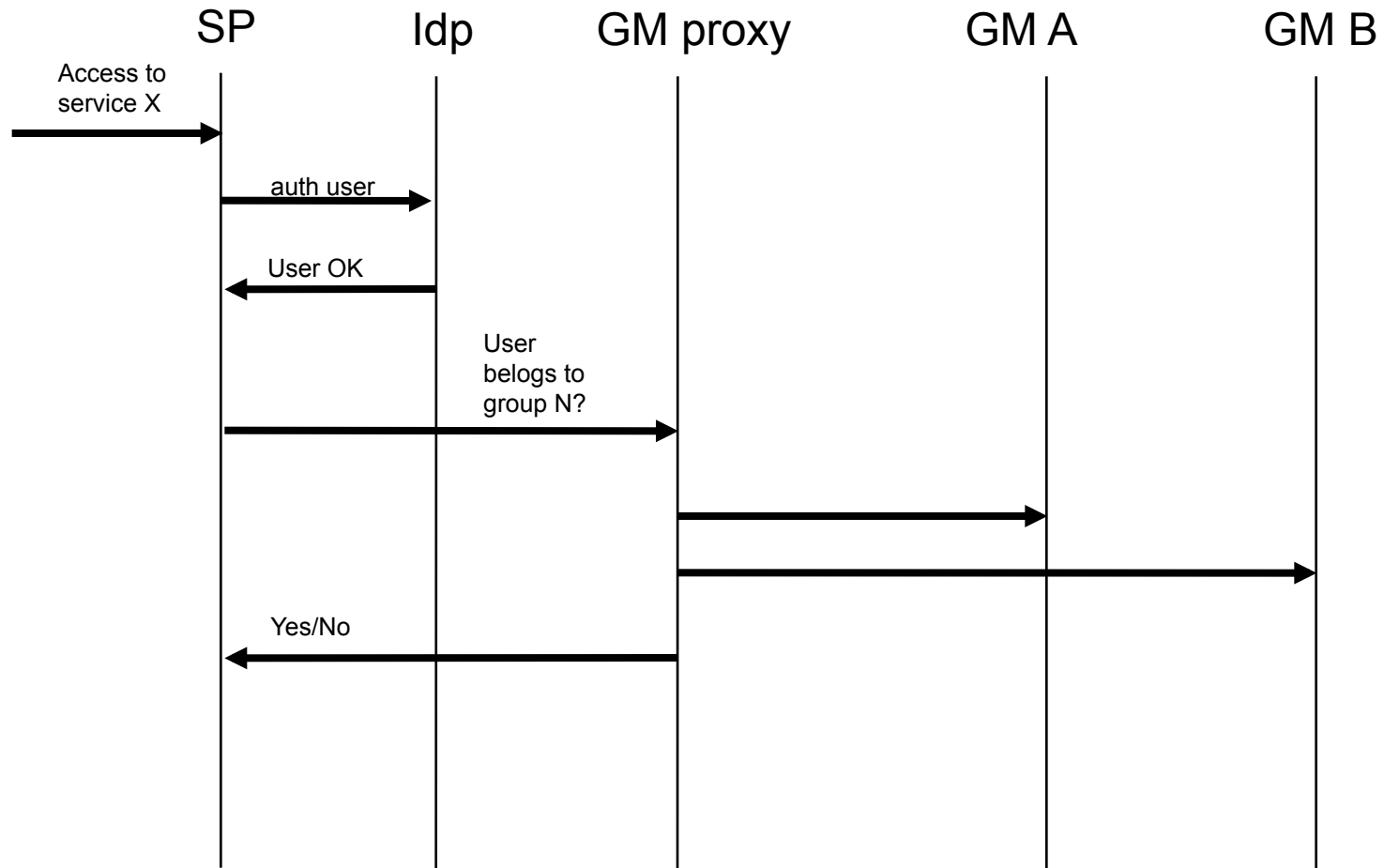
- GMF proxy implementation
- Group management names with group@group_manager identifications
- VOOT/SCIM adding a custom parameter (“Location”)

Group management Proxy

A group manager proxy fetch groups in other domains for user?

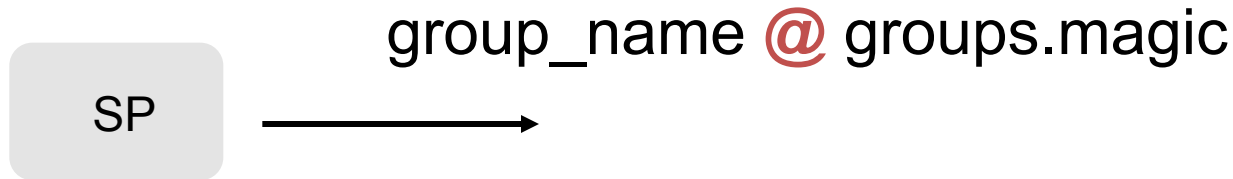


GET group membership



Group names with location name

- Handling groups in the form:



- SP will be responsible to contact group_manager to validate user membership.

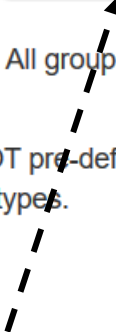
VOOT Group type extend



Groups are objects with a few required properties, and some optional. Groups are organized into group types. All groups are of one and only one specific type.

Each group type specifies a set of syntax and semantics for both the group and the membership objects. VOOT pre-defines a set of group types for use in research and educational, however anyone may extend VOOT with new custom group types.

Add a special group type,
with a provider field in the
group type definition?



```
{  
  "id": "magic:federated...",  
  "displayName": {  
    "en": "Course",  
    "nb": "Emne"  
  },  
  provider: "groups.redclara.net"  
}
```

Some questions

- Resources required
- Performance?
- Real-time or syncing?
- How trust relations could work?

Title

