# BioDialog Project: Activities & Outcomes at Ainshams university

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### Agenda

- BioDialog Project
- Biodiversity Overview
- Biodiversity Informatics
- ASBIRG & Current Researches

#### BioDialog Project PI: Prof. Birgitta König-Ries



## **BioDialog Project**

- Intercultural Dialog through Biodiversity
   Informatics: methods and techniques of managing biodiversity data.
- Partners
  - 1. Germany: Jena University.
  - 2. Egypt: Ain Shams & Assuit Universities
  - 3. Tunisia: Safex University.

## **BioDialog:** Motivation

- A recent study: the state of biodiversity informatics for different countries (King, 2011).
- The biodiversity potential (Biodiversity richness): physical, biological and environmental characteristics.
- The capacity to generate biodiversity data records: raw data with high quality (specimens, samples, observations).
- 3. The availability of technical infrastructure for hosting, managing and sharing biodiversity data records.
- Order: Germany: 12, Egypt: 88 and Tunisia: 103.

Need for education & more research on biodiversity and on biodiversity informatics.

## **BioDialog: Objectives**

- To establish a scientific exchange:
- Understanding biodiversity and biodiversity informatics practices in local context.
- 2. Constructing a new regional research network.
- 3. Contributing in the development of a knowledge-based society.
- 4. Bridging between data management techniques and biodiversity research.
- 5. Awareness of the importance of biodiversity is crucial to ensure its

global preservation.

## **Biodiversity Overview**

### **Biodiversity questions?**

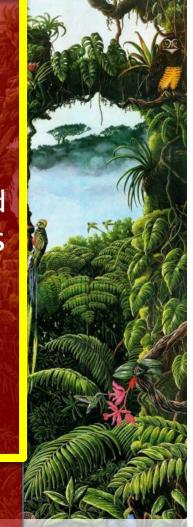
- Detection: How much biodiversity is there?
- Emergence: Why does Biodiversity exist?
- Consequences: Whether Biodiversity matters for ecosystem functions and services?
- Conservation: How can explore ways to safeguard biodiversity.

## Facts about Biodiversity

- Most estimates fall between 5 million and 30 million species currently living on Earth.
- Most living species are microorganisms and tiny invertebrates.
- Roughly 1.75 million species have been formally described and given official names.
- Medicines: 118 of the top 150 prescription drugs in America contain chemicals derived from plants, fungi and other species.

### Facts about Biodiversity

disappear unnoticed Estimated 50% loss until 2200



10% described

### The Jena Experiment



- One of the longest-running biodiversity experiments in Europe.
- Studying biodiversity effects in experimental grassland communities for more than 10 years.
- Investigation of above-ground and below-ground consumers

and processes.

Discover biomersity effects on ecosystem functioning.

## **Biodiversity Informatics**

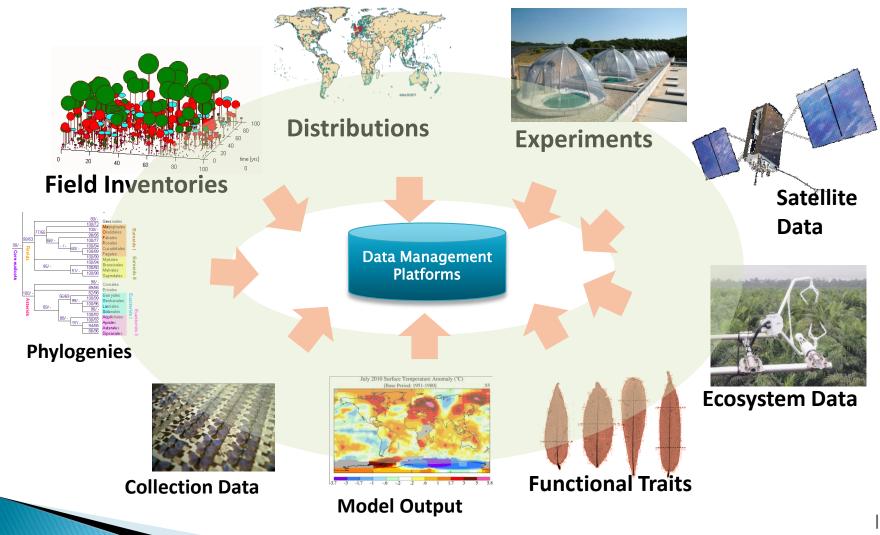
## What is Biodiversity Informatics? Biodiversity Informatics Informatics **Biodiversity** science science

using informatics tools and applications to manage, disemminate, analyse,

share, publish and discover biodiversity data & information.

#### **Big Challenge**

#### find and integrate all these data types



#### Have **YOU** been in this Situation?

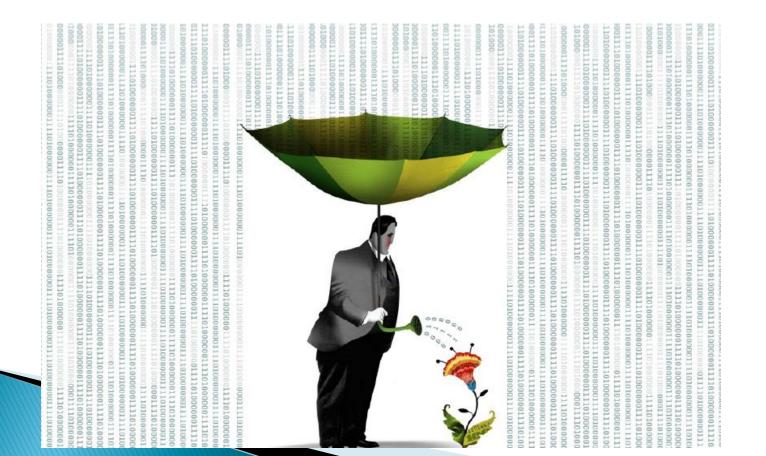
- Data not discoverable
- Data not understandable (unexplained variables)
- Difficulty to use diverse datasets for analysis (unstandardised,..)
- Datasets with errors
- No information about data sharing and use policy
- Data lost
- Data not re-usable
- No proper storage facility



## **Biodiversity Informatics**

> Huge Amount, fast change, uncertainty and heterogeneity of

data -> new mechanisms in order to collect, store, access, and reuse these data.



## **Biodiversity Informatics Objectives**

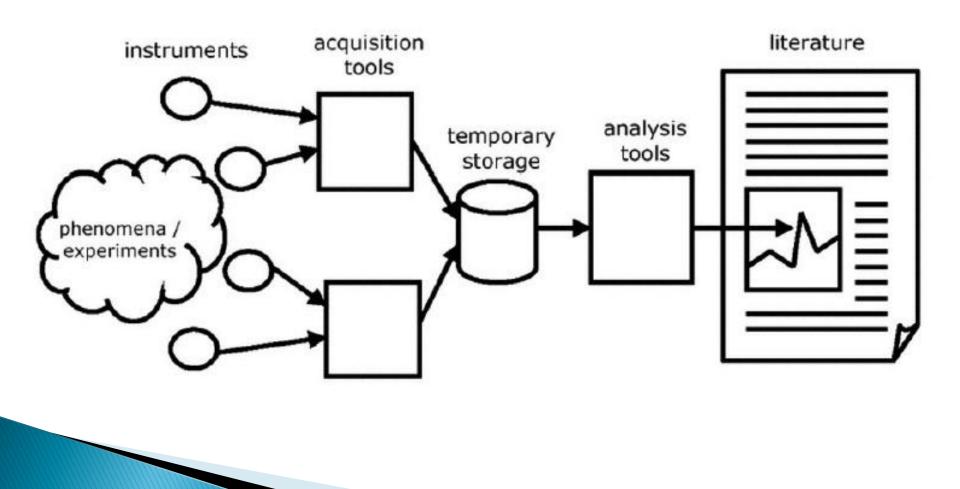
- The use of information technology (IT) to support biodiversity research.
- Organizing knowledge about individual biological organisms and the ecological systems they form.
- Providing access to the data available on recorded observations for each species.
- Understanding the uncertainties associated with each

dataset.

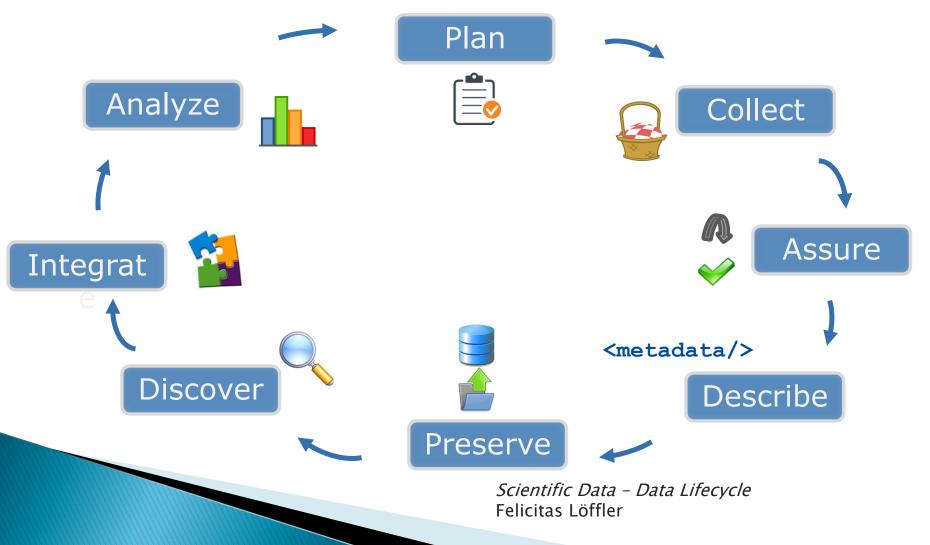
## Biodiversity Informatics Example Applications

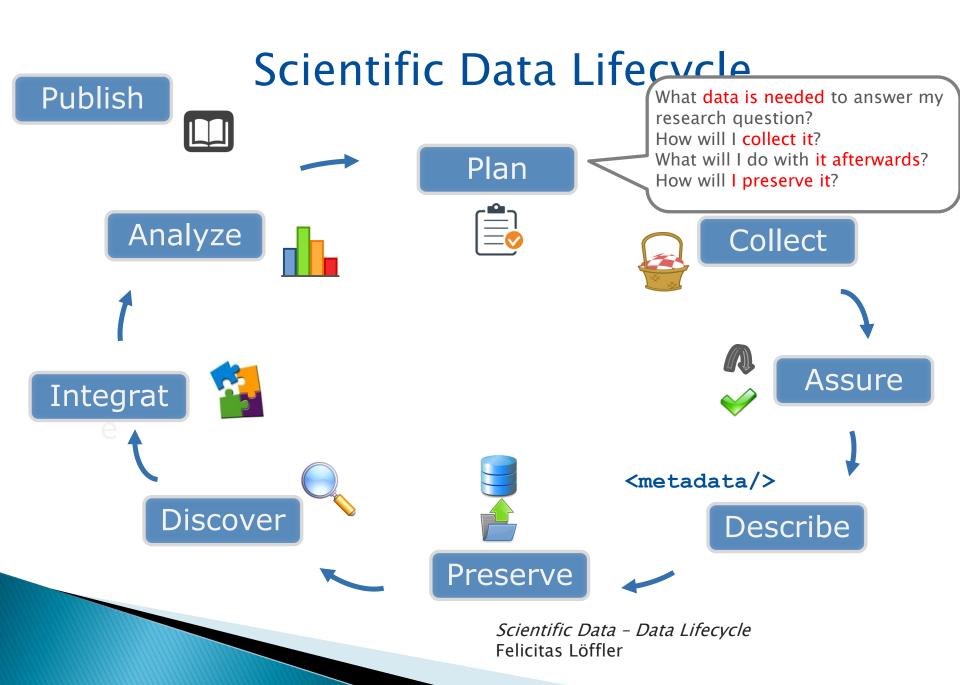
- Prediction of distributions of known and unknown species.
- 2. Prediction of geographic and ecological distribution of infectious diseases.
- 3. Prediction of species' invasions.
- Assessment of impacts of climate change on biodiversity.

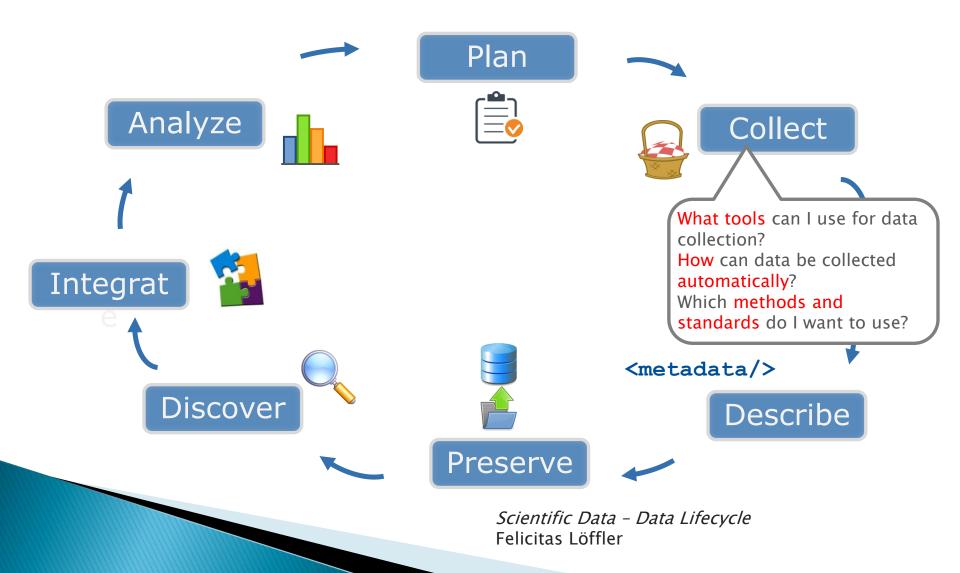
## **Publish & Forget**

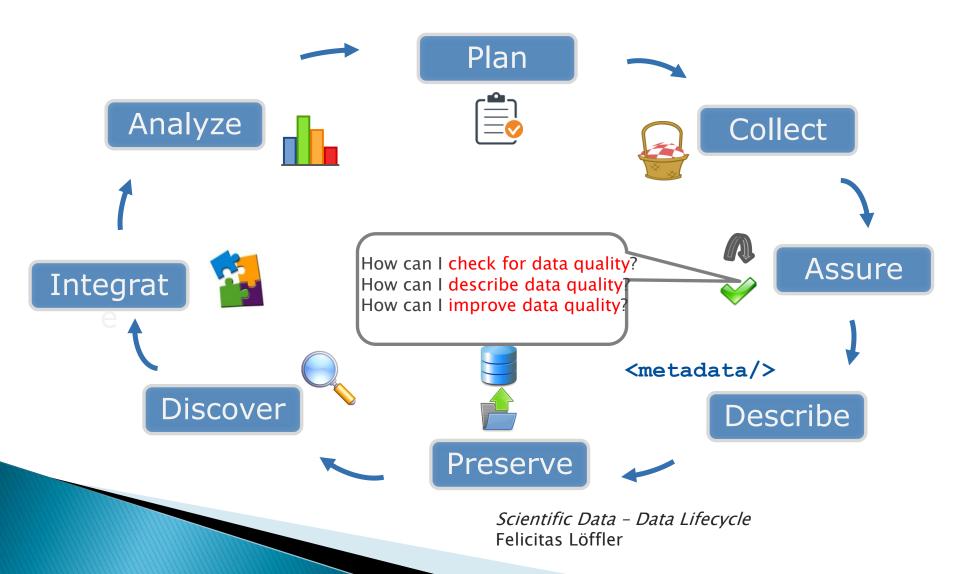


Scientific Data Lifecycle is a conceptual tool which helps to understand the different steps that data follow from data generation to knowledge creation









#### Scientific Data Lifecycle – Assure

- Monitor and maintain quality
- Data cleaning: correct measurement errors
- Objective:

Accessible, accurate, complete, consistent, relevant, comprehensive, easy to read and interpret

*Scientific Data - Data Lifecycle* Felicitas Löffler

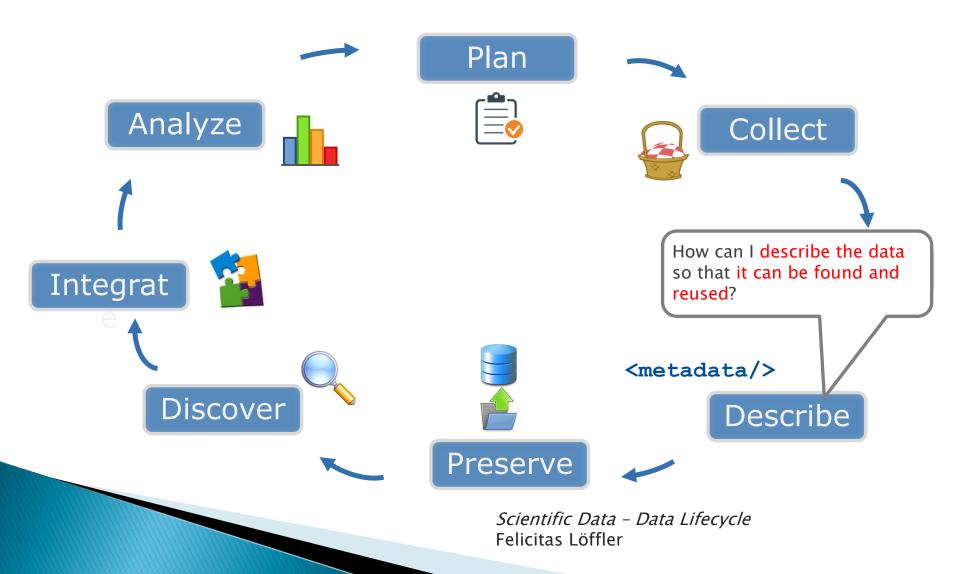
#### Scientific Data Lifecycle – Assure

#### Just Error Examples

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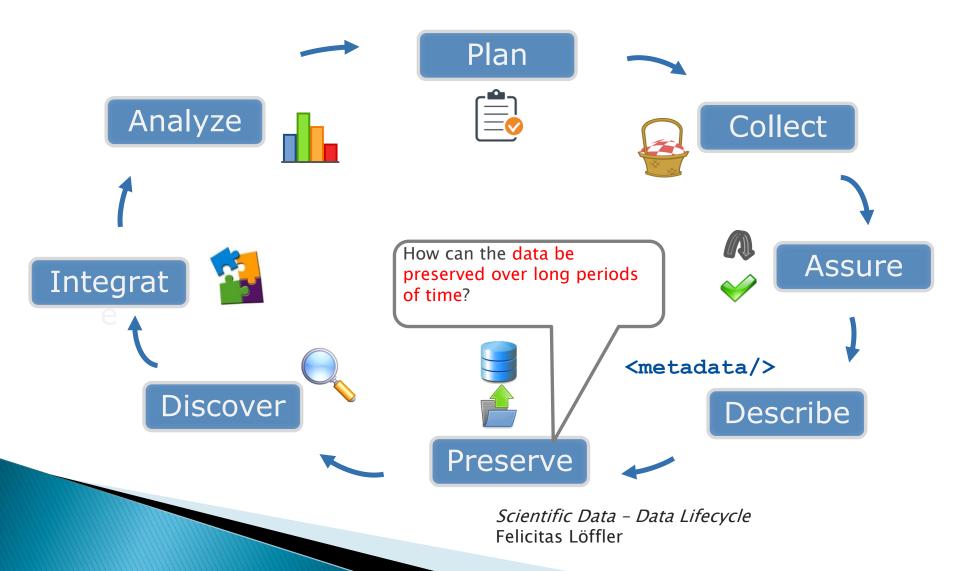
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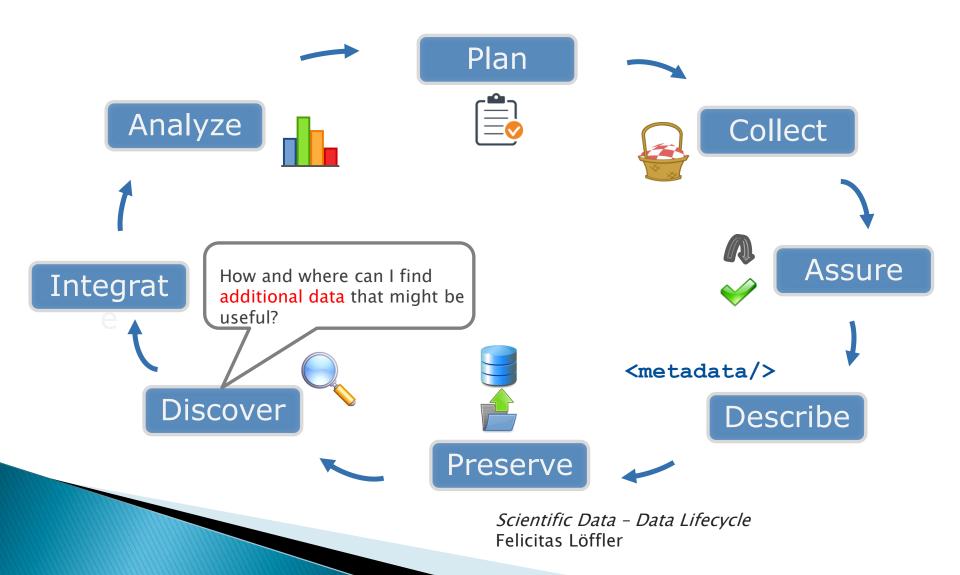


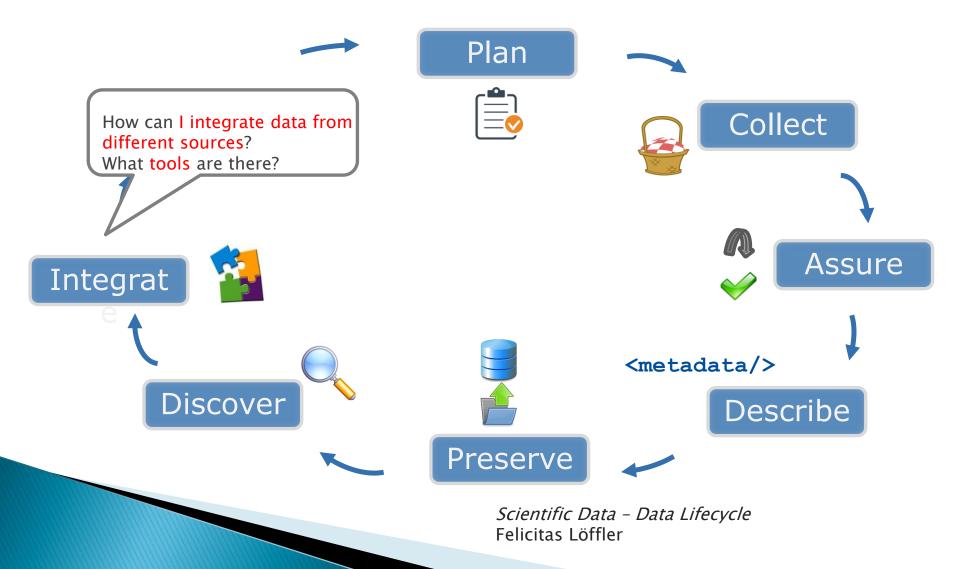
#### Scientific Data Lifecycle – Describe

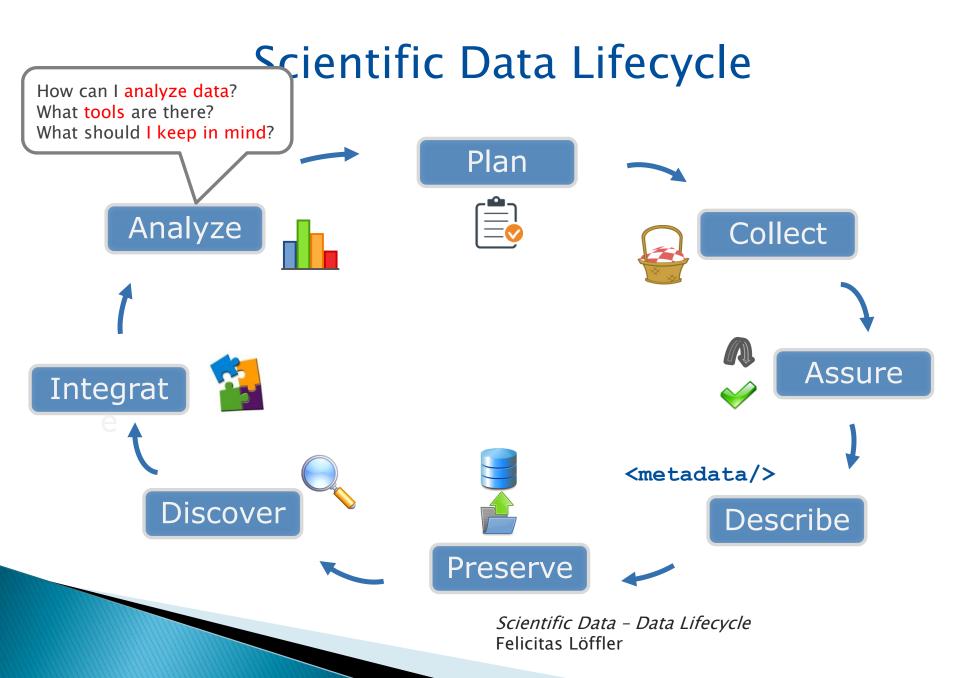
- Metadata (individual file, needs to be created additionally to primary data) describing information: What? Who? Where? When? How? (Used for data search)
- Standards, technical context: names of datasets, format, tools, software, methods
- If primary data has considered naming conventions, consistency of values, etc., metadata can be created automatically.

*Scientific Data - Data Lifecycle* Felicitas Löffler









- Statistical analysis through visualization
- Overlay, modelling
- Analytical technics: machine learning, statistical tools, text mining, regression analysis
- Tools:



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#### **Current Researches**



- ASBERG stands for Ain Shams Biodiversity Research Group.
- ASBERG is a fruitful result of the **Biodialog project**.
- ASBERG is a research group of both specialized Informatics researchers and Biodiversity scientists.
- It aims at applying informatics techniques to manage, disseminate, analyze, share, and publish biodiversity data in local context.

	Informatics	Biodiversity	Total
Faculty Members	4	3	7
Postgraduate Students	4	1	5
Undergraduate Students	10	2	12
Total	18	6	24

## Informatics Sub–Group



Dr. Ibrahim Moawad



T.A. Dina Ali



Dr. Rania ElGohary



Dr. Mohammed



Dr.Ahmed Hassan





T.A. Ghada Farouk



T.A. Esraa A. Hamed



T.A. Mariam Hesham







Heba Ebrahim





Thanaa Maher



Ola Farag



Mohamm ed Khaled





Moataz samy

Mahmoud Mohamed Sayed

Asmaa Mohammed

Alaa Abd El bakv









## **Biodiversity Sub-Group**



Prof. Hesham El-Kassas



Prof. Ahmed Fahmy Abo Doma



Prof. Assoc. Youssef Abdallah



Hussein Omar



Nourhan Atef



Mostafa Mahmud



## Facebook Page

<u>AinShams Biodiversity</u> Informatics Research Group.

#### objectives of Facebook are:

- To market the group
- To publish ASBIRG activities
- To collaborate with others
- To share in developing knowledge-based society
- To prepare for a website for ASBIRG

#### Others....





Invite friends to like this page 7 Likes

AinShams Biodiversity Informatics Research Group (ASBIRG)

See All >



AinShams Biodiversity Informatics Research Group updated their profile picture.

March 3 at 11:03pm · 🛞



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📶 45% 📥 4:05 PM



## **ASBIRG Current Researches**

- Studying soil nematodes in fields irrigated with mixed agricultural drainage water.
- Studying wheat genetics and field data to discriminate wheat species by applying different knowledge discovery algorithms.
- Enhancing Scientific Data Management using Semantic Data Mining Approach.
- From low quality spreadsheets to high quality structured Database.
- A Personalized Recommender System for Biomedical Ontologies.

